

Calcitonin Receptor (CALCR) ACTOne[™] Stable Cell Line CATALOG NUMBER: CL-01-CALCR

Introduction

CALCR is a high affinity receptor for the peptide hormone calcitonin and belongs to a subfamily of seven transmembranespanning G protein-coupled receptors. The encoded protein is involved in maintaining calcium homeostasis and in regulating osteoclast-mediated bone resorption. Polymorphisms in this gene have been associated with variations in bone mineral density and onset of osteoporosis.

Description

Human CALCR ACTOne[™] is a HEK-293 CNG cell line that expresses recombinant human CALCR. HEK-293 CNG cells express a modified CNG (Cyclic Nucleotide Gated) channel that opens in response to elevated intracellular cAMP levels and consequently result in ion flux (often detectable by calcium-responsive dye, Cat# CA-C155) and cell membrane depolarization which can be easily measured with fluorescent Membrane Potential Dye (Cat# <u>CA-M165</u>). The assay allows both end-point and kinetic measurement of intracellular cAMP changes with a FLIPR, or a fluorescence microplate reader.



Parental Cells

HEK-293 CNG cells (originally developed by BD Biosciences by introducing CNG in HEK-293 cells) (Cat# CL-03-PC20)

Gene/Enzyme Introduced

CALCR (Genbank Accession No. NP_001733.1)



Applications

- cAMP dependent human CALCR cell based assay
- cell based high-throughput screening of human CALCR inhibitors

Functional Test

- this cell line has been tested positive for CALCR specific response
- surviving rate: More than 2.5 million/vial on the second day after thawing
- the receptor specific activity is stable for 10 weeks continuous passage

Mycoplasma Contamination Test

This lot of cells has been tested and found to be free of mycoplasma contamination.

Content

Stable cells: 1 mL (1 x 10⁶ cells/mL in 70% DMEM, 20% FBS, 10% DMSO)

Growth Properties

Adherent

Cell Culture Medium

- Growth medium: DMEM-10% FBS supplemented with 250 µg/ml G418, 1 µg/ml Puromycin
- Freezing medium: 10% DMSO, 90% complete cell culture medium

Subculturing Procedure

- 1. Thaw the frozen cryovial of cells within 1-2 min by gentle agitation in a37 °C water bath. Decontaminate the cryovial by wiping the surface of the vial with 70% ethanol and transfer into a 75 cm² flask with 20 ml of complete DMEM growth medium.
- 2. Remove and discard culture medium next day, and then add fresh DMEM complete medium.
- 3. Monitor cell density daily. Cells should be passaged (1:3) when the culture reaches 90% confluence. Expected cell yield is between 1.5 x 10⁵ and 2x 10⁵ viable cells/cm².
- Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of 0.25% (w/v) trypsin-0.53 mM EDTA solution to the flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until the cell layer is dispersed (usually within 15 to 20 minutes).
 Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Place at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.
- 5. Transfer cell suspension to a 15mL centrifuge tube and spin at approximately 250 x g for 5 to 10 minutes.
- 6. Discard supernatant and resuspend cells in fresh growth medium. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. An inoculum of 4 to 6 x 10⁴ viable cells/cm² is recommended.
- 7. Incubate cultures at 37°C (5% CO₂).

Storage

Remove the frozen cells from the dry ice packaging and immediately place the cells at a temperature below -130°C, preferably in liquid nitrogen vapor, until ready for use.

Please consider the environment before printing



Data Analysis



Figure 1. Response of ACTOne[™] CALCR cell line & parental cell line to Calcitonin

ACTOne[™] CALCR cells and parental cells (Cat# CL-03-PC20) were plated overnight in 20 µl culture medium on a 384 well Biocoat plate. The next day, cells were dye-loaded with 20 µl/well of 1x Dye-loading solution (membrane potential dye kit, Cat# CA-M165). After 2 hour of incubation at room temperature, two readings were obtained prior to and 30 min after the addition of Calcitonin. Ratios of the two readings (F/F0) are plotted in the figure..

- A. Dose response curve of calcitonin in ACT*One* CALCR cell line. EC50 = 28.7 pM in the presence of PDE inhibitor Ro20-1724.
- B. Dose response curve of human calcitonin in Parental cells. In the presence of PDE inhibitor Ro20-1724, EC50 = 1.24 nM.

Note. In CALCR cells, EC50 = 230 pM with rat Amy in the presence of Ro20-1724. In the parental cells, the response is negative when rAmy < 10 nM (in the presence of Ro20-1724)

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