

gp120 (HIV-1/Subtype CRF01_AE/90TH_CM244)

CATALOG NUMBER: IV-CRF-152P, 50 µg

Introduction Envelope glycoprotein GP120 (or gp120) is a glycoprotein exposed on the surface of the HIV

envelope. The 120 in its name comes from its molecular weight of 120. Gp120 is essential for virus entry into cells as it plays a vital role in attachment to specific cell surface receptors. These receptors are DC-SIGN, Heparan Sulfate Proteoglycan and a specific interaction with the CD4 receptor, particularly on helper T-cells. Binding to CD4 induces the start of a cascade of conformational changes in gp120 and gp41 that lead to the fusion of the viral with the host cell membrane. Binding to CD4 is mainly electrostatic although there are van der Waals interactions

and hydrogen bonds.

Applications Western blot standard, antibody ELISA, HIV-1 entry inhibition, etc.

Description Envelop protein gp120 expressed and purified from 293 cell culture

Viral Protein 6xHis tagged HIV-1 gp120 protein (amino acid 30-503) (subtype CRF01_AE)(isolate

90TH CM244) (Genebank accession#: AY713425)

Storage Store at -20 °C; Stable for 3-months from the date of shipment when kept at 4 °C. Non-

hazardous. No MSDS required.

Concentration 1 mg/ml in PBS

Specificity ≥ 95% purity (SDS PAGE)

150 kD

100 kD

75 kD

50 kD

37 kD 25 kD

20 kD

SDS-PAGE: purified HIV-1 gp120 protein (CRF01_AE)