

## Receptor Binding Domain of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein

CATALOG NUMBER: SCV2-RBD-060P, 50 µg

Introduction The novel coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2), previously called 2019-nCoV, is a newly identified

coronavirus causing the ongoing outbreak of atypical pneumonia in Wuhan China from late 2019.

The genome of SARS-CoV-2 has 89% nucleotide identity with bat SARS-like-CoVZXC21 and 82% with that of human SARS-CoV. The phylogenetic trees of their orf1a/b, Spike, Envelope, Membrane and Nucleoprotein also clustered closely with those of the bat, civet and human SARS coronaviruses. However, the external subdomain of Spike's receptor binding domain (RBD) of

SARS-CoV-2 shares only 40% amino acid identity with other SARS-related coronaviruses.

**Applications** Western blot standard, antibody ELISA, antigen, etc.

**Description** Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 spike RBD protein purified from 293 cell culture

Viral Protein Spike RBD (amino acid 309-528) protein of human SARS-CoV-2 (GenBank No. MN908947) with

a C-terminal hFc tag

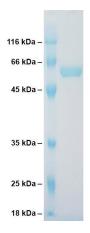
Store at -20 °C; Stable for 6-months from the date of shipment when kept at 4 °C. Non-

hazardous, no MSDS required.

Concentration 1 μg/μl in PBS

**Endotoxin Level** <0.01 EU per 1 μg of the protein by LAL test

**Purity** ≥ 95% (by SDS PAGE)



SDS-PAGE: purified recombinant spike RBD protein (aa 309-528) of SARS-CoV-2

## Spike RBD (aa 309-528) Protein (SARS-CoV-2) SEQ:

 $KGIYQTSNFRVQPTESIVRFPNITNLCPFGEVFNATRFASVYAWNRKRISNCVADYSVLYNSASFSTFKCYGVSPTKLNDLCFTNVYADSFVIRGDEVR\\ QIAPGQTGKIADYNYKLPDDFTGCVIAWNSNNLDSKVGGNYNYLYRLFRKSNLKPFERDISTEIYQAGSTPCNGVEGFNCYFPLQSYGFQPTNGVGYQPYRVVVLSFELLHAPATVCGPK-hFc$ 

## Reference:

 Zhang Y.Z., et al. A new coronavirus associated with human respiratory disease in China. Nature, 579(7798): 265-269, 2020.



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